

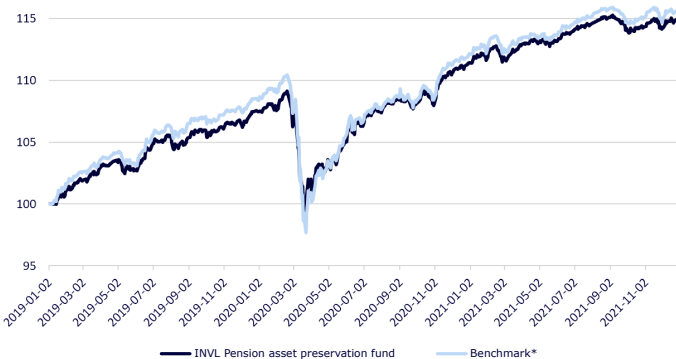
**FUND'S STRATEGY**

The purpose of investment of INVL Pensijų Turto Išsaugojimo Fondas Fund is to ensure a balanced long-term growth of the Fund, thus preserving the purchasing power of the assets accumulated on the pension accounts of the participants in the long term. The investment portfolio of the Fund is formed so that to meet the criteria of relatively small fluctuations and liquidity. The strategy of the Fund does not depend on the age of participants.

**COMMENT**

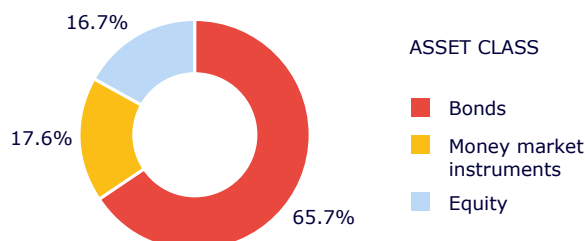
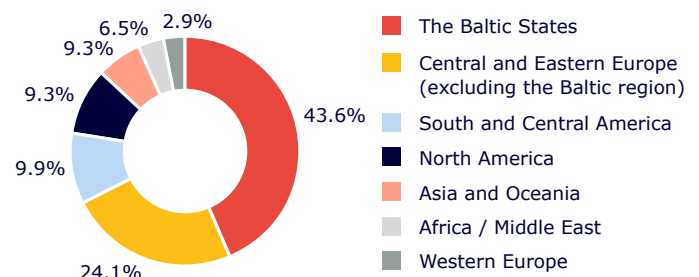
The last quarter of the year was again marked by strong growth in the developed stock markets. S&P 500, the most popular index tracking US markets, reached new heights at the end of the quarter, fuelled by rising growth prospects and falling unemployment, despite market uncertainty, growing inflation, and increasingly strict statements by the US Federal Reserve. In fact, over 2021, the above-mentioned S&P 500 index earned an impressive return of 27% in USD and 70 times reached new peaks over 252 trading days, which is the second-best result in history after 77 new price records in 1995. Historical analysis of returns on this index shows that investing in shares at record highs yields a better return than on any other day, for example, the average one-year return in such a case is 14.6% when the average annual return on any other day is 11.7%. At the same time, the quarterly return on shares in developing countries was significantly lower, mainly due to the negative return on Chinese shares as a result of high regulatory risk for tech companies and tense relations with the US as well as negative returns on Russian shares due to political tensions and the worsening conflict at the Ukrainian border. In bond markets, the mood was slightly more moderate, with inflation hitting new heights around the world, while interest rates in the low, the heads of central banks started to feel strong pressure to put an end to accommodative monetary policy. This was confirmed by J. Powell, when he admitted that the representatives of the Federal Reserve no longer believe that the inflation surge would only be temporary. The Federal Reserve has also officially approved and launched a downward revision of the bond buy-in rate of USD 15 billion every month in the hope of completing the buy-in programme in half a year or even earlier. Moreover, it has also been reported that financial market participants can wait for three interest rate increases in 2022 to curb rising inflation. The ECB, for its part, announced that the PEPP bond purchase programme should end in March 2022. As the market expects more aggressive action by the Federal Reserve, short-term bonds have become cheaper, while long-term bonds have been costly given the tighter measures to manage inflation.

Investments in lowest volatility in our funds continue to represent a major share, because we believe that these shares are more likely to appear in inflationary and high volatility environments. In balanced funds, we continue to cover the allocation of the bonds of developing countries by means of separate investments, which have a shorter financial maturity, so we have better protected the assets of the participants of the fund from bond depreciation when central banks will suspend stimulus programmes and raise interest rates.

**PERFORMANCE SINCE FUND INCEPTION**

**FUND'S RETURN IN DIFFERENT PERIODS**

	Fund's return	Benchmark return
1 month	1.21 %	1.00 %
3 months	1.27 %	0.99 %
6 months	4.31 %	4.57 %
1 year	1.27 %	0.99 %
Since Fund Inception	12.83 %	13.28 %

Please note that the fund's past performance does not guarantee the same results and profitability in the future. Past performance is not a reliable indicator of future results.

**DISTRIBUTION BY ASSET TYPES**

**GEOGRAPHICAL DISTRIBUTION\*\***

**FUND' INFORMATION**

Net Asset Value	4 495 268 EUR
Fund's unit value	1.1283 EUR
Number of Participants	1 072
Management fee	0.20%

**CONTACTS**

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\*The benchmark of INVL Pensijų Turto Išsaugojimo Fondas was applied since 02/01/2019. The composite benchmark has been applied since 01/03/2021: 13.60% MSCI ACWI IMI Net Total Return USD Index (MIMUAWON Index) (converted into EUR) + 3.40% MSCI Emerging Markets Net Total Return USD Index (M1EF Index) (converted into EUR) + 5.00% European Central Bank ESTR OIS Index (OISESTR Index) + 30.00% Bloomberg Barclays Series-E Euro Govt 1-3 Yr Bond Index (BERPG1 Index) + 18.00% Bloomberg Barclays EuroAgg Corporate 1-3 Year TR Index Value (LEC1TREU Index).

\*\*Geographical distribution is indicated with regard to the countries of the economic logic of the investment, as well as to the investment components of collective investment undertakings (CIUs) and exchange traded funds (ETFs), according to their reports. If those reports do not provide the investment components of CIUs or ETFs, the country of registration of the CIU or ETF shall be taken into account.

For participants of 2nd pillar pension accumulation, the state social insurance old-age pension for the period prior to 31 December 2018 is being gradually reduced as established by law, except for participants of pension accumulation prior to 31 December 2018 who between 1 January 2019 and 30 June 2019 exercised the right to terminate pension accumulation – reduction of the state social insurance old-age pension will not apply to them. The state's additional contribution does not reduce the size of the old-age pension. A 2nd pillar pension accumulation agreement which is in effect may not be terminated except for a first-time agreement, which the participant has the right to terminate unilaterally within 30 calendar days of making the agreement by notifying the pension accumulation company about that in writing. Persons who became participants before 31 December 2018 had the right from 1 January 2019 to 30 June 2019 to terminate their participation in pension accumulation or suspend the transfer of pension contributions to the pension fund.

Accumulating in pension funds involves assuming investment risk. The pension accumulation company does not guarantee the profitability of pension funds. A pension fund's unit value can both rise and fall. You may recover less than you invested. Past results of the management of a pension fund's investments do not guarantee the same type of results and profitability in the future. The results of a past period are not a reliable indicator of future results.

We recommend selecting a pension fund responsibly and carefully, paying attention to the risks and applicable deductions associated with investments and carefully reading the pension fund rules which are an integral part of the pension accumulation agreement.

Depending on the amount accumulated in a 2nd pillar pension fund, it may be withdrawn as a lump sum (for less than EUR 5,000) or by periodic payments (for EUR 5,000 to EUR 10,000), or a pension annuity may be acquired (when EUR 10,000 to EUR 60,000 is accumulated) which may be one of three types: standard, standard with a guaranteed payment period, or deferred. In the case of a standard annuity, the entire accumulated amount is allocated to acquire the annuity, with pension payments starting as soon as the annuity is acquired and continuing as long as you live. For a standard annuity with a guaranteed payment period, payments are also made as long as you live, but time payment until the participant reaches the age of 80 is guaranteed – if the participant dies earlier, the unpaid amount can be inherited. For both types of standard annuity, the entire accumulated amount is allocated to acquire the annuity and the state social insurance fund pays the benefits in addition to the old-age pension paid by the state. In the case of a deferred annuity, until the age of 85 benefits are paid from the private pension fund (out of the assets remaining after acquisition of the deferred annuity) and those assets can be inherited. From the age of 85, meanwhile, benefits are paid by the state social insurance fund and are not inheritable. If more than EUR 60,000 is accumulated, then the pension assets exceeding that amount may be paid out as a lump sum, while the remainder is paid while you live according to the type of annuity acquired. You can learn more about pension annuities here.

All the information presented is of a promotional nature and cannot be construed as a recommendation, offer or invitation to accumulate money in pension funds managed by INVL Asset Management. The information provided here cannot be the basis for any subsequently concluded agreement. Although this information of a promotional nature is based on sources considered to be reliable, INVL Asset Management is not responsible for inaccuracies or changes in the information, or for losses that may arise when investments are based on this information.